

## LIFTING DERIVATIONS AND $n$ -WEAK AMENABILITY OF THE SECOND DUAL OF A BANACH ALGEBRA

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**ABSTRACT.** We show that for  $n \geq 2$ ,  $n$ -weak amenability of the second dual  $\mathcal{A}^{**}$  of a Banach algebra  $\mathcal{A}$  implies that of  $\mathcal{A}$ . We also provide a positive answer for the case  $n = 1$ , which sharpens some older results. Our method of proof also provides a unified approach to give short proofs for some known results in the case where  $n = 1$ .

The concept of  $n$ -weak amenability was initiated and intensively developed by Dales, Ghahramani and Gronbæk [3]. A Banach algebra  $\mathcal{A}$  is said to be  $n$ -weakly amenable ( $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ) if every (bounded) derivation from  $\mathcal{A}$  into  $\mathcal{A}^{(n)}$  (the  $n^{\text{th}}$  dual of  $\mathcal{A}$ ) is inner. Trivially, 1-weak amenability is nothing else than weak amenability, which was first introduced and intensively studied by Bade, Curtis and Dales [2] for commutative Banach algebras and then by Johnson [9] for a general Banach algebra.

We equip the second dual  $\mathcal{A}^{**}$  of  $\mathcal{A}$  with its first Arens product and focus on the following question which is of special interest, especially for the case when  $n = 1$ .

*Does  $n$ -weakly amenability of  $\mathcal{A}^{**}$  force  $\mathcal{A}$  to be  $n$ -weakly amenable?*

In the present paper first we shall show:

**Theorem 1.** *The answer to the above question is positive for any  $n \geq 2$ .*

Then we consider the case  $n = 1$ , which is a long-standing open problem with a slightly different feature from that of  $n \geq 2$ . This case has been investigated and partially answered by many authors (see Theorem 6, in which we rearrange some known answers from [5, 6, 7, 8]). As a consequence of our general method of proof (for the case  $n = 1$ ), we present the next positive answer; in which,  $\pi$  denotes the product of  $\mathcal{A}$ ,  $\pi^* : \mathcal{A}^* \times \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}^*$  is defined by

$$\langle \pi^*(a^*, a), b \rangle = \langle a^*, \pi(a, b) \rangle, \quad (a^* \in \mathcal{A}^*, a, b \in \mathcal{A}),$$

and  $Z_\ell(\pi^*)$  is the left topological centre of  $\pi^*$ , (see the next section).

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